

that it demolished 34 structures in Yamuna Vihar on 28.12.1996.

(b) The land belongs to DDA and was meant for laying road for implementing its residential scheme since the constructions have come up unauthorisedly, they were reportedly demolished.

(c) The D.D.A. proposes to provide alternative accommodation to the eligible evictees under its rehabilitation policy.

*[English]*

#### **MPLADS Computerisation**

841. SHRI P.C. THOMAS: Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state :

(a) whether computerisation of MPLADS (Member of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme) is planned to expedite the implementation of the scheme;

(b) whether the State Governments who are in control of the implementing agency of MPLADS are giving enough staff and infrastructure for implementation thereof;

(c) if not, the steps being taken in this regard; and

(d) whether the construction works are being delayed because local rates for materials, labour and work are not being offered by implementing agencies or State Governments ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH) : (a) Computerisation is expected to facilitate monitoring of the implementation.

(b) and (c) The Central Government has not provided any staff and infrastructure for implementation of the works under MPLADS. Implementation of works under MPLADS is carried out through the District Collectors and Municipal Corporations.

(d) No such case has been brought to the notice of this Department.

#### **Non-Utilisation of Funds**

842. SHRI BANWARI LAL PUROHIT : Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS & EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have taken/propose to take any steps to ensure that funds meant for rural development projects in various States do not lapse due to red tapism;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the details of monitoring done by the Union Government to check the misuse of funds by the State Government ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA) : (a) to (c) States are requested from time to time to utilise the unspent balances so that funds are not allowed to lapse

The monitoring mechanism of the Union Government for various rural development as also for rural employment and poverty alleviation programmes consists, inter-alia, of obtaining periodical progress reports/returns, financial returns/audit reports, intensive field inspections, reviews and monitoring by committees by senior officers with the State Secretaries, Commissioners etc.

*[Translation]*

#### **Consumption of Power in Uttar Pradesh**

843. SHRI D.P. YADAV :

SHRI RAJENDRA AGNIHOTRI :

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether the power being supplied to Uttar Pradesh is comparatively less than that of other States of the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the annual per-capita consumption of power in Uttar Pradesh Sector-wise in comparison to that of other States; and

(d) the remedial measures taken for adequate supply of power to Uttar Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI) : (a) No. Sir

(b) Uttar Pradesh is a constituent of Northern Grid. During the period April, 1996 to January, 1997 details regarding drawls by constituents of Northern Grid against their entitlement from Central Generating Stations in Northern Region are given below :

States/UTs	April, 1996 to January, 1997 Entitlement	Drawal (in MU)
Haryana	4526.4	5040.4
H.P.	939.9	787.3
J&K	2612.9	2419.7
Punjab	4452.5	4501.4
Rajasthan	6306.9	6666.1
U.P.	11769.8	11782.2
Chandigarh	192.0	187.6
Delhi	7687.0	7105.8

(c) Annual per-capita consumption of power in Uttar

Pradesh in comparison to that of other States of Northern Region are given below :

Per capita power consumption in KWH (1994-95)	
Haryana	477.83
H.P.	251.03
J&K	210.88
Punjab	785.55
Rajasthan	265.88
U.P.	197.32
Chandigarh	676.27
Delhi	745.61

(d) The State Government has been asked to improve the PLF of Power Stations of UPSEB to avail maximum generation from existing units and also take steps to enhance L.C. amount for drawing more power from Central Stations. Other measures taken to improve the power availability in the country including Uttar Pradesh are capacity additions, implementation of renovation and modernisation programmes, reduction in auxiliary power consumption and T&D losses.

[English]

#### TRYSEM

844. SHRI SHANTILAL PARSOTAMDAS PATEL : Will

#### Statement

##### *Rural Youth Trained Under TRYSEM*

S.No.	State/UT	1993-94	94-95	95-96	96-97(till Jan.97)
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	18047	20330	18047	47086
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	886	672	886	410
3.	Assam	9970	9249	9970	201
4.	Bihar	28566	24504	28566	24147
5.	Goa	275	2591	275	2815
6.	Gujarat	12037	11794	12037	4749
7	Haryana	6536	3733	6536	2122
8.	Himachal Pradesh	810	1121	810	336
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	1469	2647	1469	1931
10.	Karnataka	15171	17542	15171	10400
11.	Kerala	5549	5854	5549	4160
12.	Madhya Pradesh	54111	30415	54111	24052
13.	Maharashtra	23063	11405	23063	10927
14.	Manipur	617	1397	617	220

the Minister of RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the total number of rural youths under Training of Rural Youth for Self Employment provided during the last three years, State-wise, separately.

(b) whether the Governments efforts to strengthen the Programme by setting up to Mini Industrial Training Institutes (ITI) have not yielded the desired results; and

(c) if so, steps proposed to be taken by the Government in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA) : (a) Statement showing the total number of youths trained under TRYSEM during the last three years is enclosed.

(b) and (c) Based on the recommendations of the Expert Committee on IRDP and keeping in view the inadequate training infrastructure available in various States and UTs, the Government of India has embarked upon a scheme of setting up of exclusive TRYSEM training centres (formally called Mini ITIs). These Mini ITIs would be set up in the those blocks where no training infrastructure exists. This programme has been started from the last year only. Till now, an amount of Rs.22.42 crore have been released as central assistance for setting up of 223 Mini ITIs. It is too early to assess the impact of the programme.